# HP Domain ServiceControl 1.0 Concepts and Operation Guide

#### **Edition 3**



Manufacturing Part Number: J1592-90009 E0699

U.S.A.

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## **Printing History**

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## 1 HP Domain ServiceControl

- HP AC HP AdmissionControl controls the amount and length of sessions admitted to a web server such that the system does not become overloaded.
- HP DESMS HP Domain Enterprise Server Management System configures, administers, operates, and monitors your system including HP AC and HP LDC.
- HP LDC HP LocalDirector Controller automatically generates the information needed by Cisco's LocalDirector to distribute load and manage TCP/IP connections.

## **Installation Requirements**

The following is the list of requirements to install all the components of HP Domain ServiceControl (HP DSC). If you are installing a subset of the components, go to the appropriate chapter(s) in this manual for more information. Information about HP Domain Enterprise Server Management System can be found in the *Getting Started with HP Domain Software* manual.

#### **Hardware**

- HP 9000 computer system
- 32 MB of memory
- · CD-ROM drive to load the software

#### **Software**

- HP-UX 10.20 or 11.0
- HP DESMS
- Netscape Enterprise or FastTrack Server version 3.0 or later
- Cisco LocalDirector version 2.1 or later

#### **Disk Space (Estimated)**

• 80 MB

#### **Installing HP Domain ServiceControl**

To install the HP DSC software, run swinstall (as root) and install the bundle J1592AA.

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## **Configuring HP Domain ServiceControl**

Each component of HP DSC needs to be configured individually. Go to the following areas for more information about configuration:

- HP AC See Chapter 2, "HP AdmissionControl," on page 13.
- HP DESMS See the manual *Getting Started with HP Domain Software*.
- HP LDC See Chapter 3, "HP LocalDirector Controller," on page 39.

Also refer to the  $H\!P$  Domain Service Control Release Note for other important information.

**HP AdmissionControl** 

#### What is HP AdmissionControl?

HP AdmissionControl (HP AC) prevents a web server from becoming overloaded by controlling the amount and length of sessions admitted.

Using the HP Domain Enterprise Server Management System (HP DESMS, HP's web-based Domain software administrator), you can configure when to admit new sessions (based on the system's load), when to end a session (based on the time interval between requests and/or the length of a session), and how to respond to a deferred session (redirect the request or return a rejection message). You can also display the status of all the systems in a web server's cluster and display performance statistics of HP AC.

#### What is a Session?

A session is an HTTP request or sequence of HTTP requests made to a web server by a single user. A simple session might consist of a request for a server's home page. If that page contains images, the session would also consist of requests for each image.

A more complicated and longer session might consist of a request for a server's home page, following a link to a catalog, browsing the catalog and adding items to a shopping cart, and finally supplying payment information to complete a purchase.

#### When Does a Web Server Become Overloaded?

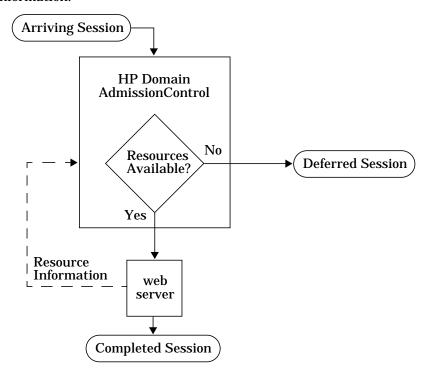
A web server becomes overloaded when there are too many requests for the server to fulfill; the server runs out of resources. Requests may be delayed or dropped. For example, a user involved in a long session may experience poor performance or may have to reload a page more than once for it to display.

#### **How Does HP AdmissionControl Work?**

HP AC monitors the resources and the number of arriving sessions on the web server. Based on available resources and how HP AC is configured, it will accept or defer a session. HP AC makes sure the web server does not become overloaded by deferring any new sessions for which it does not have resources. It also allows an admitted session to be completed.

When the web server's resources are available, HP AC allows the session to begin and will fulfill all requests made during this session. HP AC monitors the time between requests as well as the length of the session. If one of these variables exceeds the thresholds configured in HP AC, the session is terminated. Otherwise, all requests are fulfilled until the session is completed.

When the web server's resources are not available, HP AC will defer the session. The web administrator can choose to redirect the request to another server or serve a page with an error message or some helpful information.



## **Installing HP AdmissionControl**

HP AdmissionControl (HP AC) is part of the HP Domain ServiceControl (HP DSC) product. You do not need to load the entire HP DSC product if you only want to use HP AC.

#### **Installation Requirements**

#### **Hardware**

- HP 9000 computer system
- 32 MB of memory
- CD-ROM drive to load the software

#### **Software**

- HP-UX 10.20 or 11.0
- Netscape FastTrack Server version 3.0 or later OR Netscape Enterprise Server version 3.0 or later

#### **Disk Space (Estimated)**

• 38 MB

## **Installing the Software**

To install HP AC, run swinstall (as root), double-click on the bundle J1592AA to view the software, and select the HP AC software.

## **Configuring HP AdmissionControl**

If Netscape Enterprise Server version 3.0 or later was already installed on your system in the <code>/opt/ns-enterprise3</code> directory before you installed HP Domain ServiceControl, HP AC is automatically configured and enabled on your system.

If Netscape FastTrack Server version 3.0 or later was already installed on your system in the <code>/opt/ns-ftrack</code> directory before you installed HP Domain ServiceControl, HP AC is automatically configured and enabled on your system.

If both servers were already installed on your system before you installed HP Domain ServiceControl, HP AC is automatically configured and enabled for your Netscape Enterprise Server.

If neither server was installed before you installed HP Domain ServiceControl, you must first install the Netscape Enterprise Server version 3.0 or later or Netscape FastTrack Server version 3.0 or later and then run the setup script (see the next section for information about running the setup script).

If you installed either server after installing HP Domain ServiceControl, you must run the setup script (see next section for information about running the setup script).

If you installed either server in another server root directory other than <code>/opt/ns-enterprise3</code> (for the Netscape Enterprise Server) or <code>/opt/ns-ftrack</code> (for the Netscape FastTrack Server), you must run the setup script (see the next section for information about running the setup script).

#### **Running the setup Script**

You should only run the setup script if you installed the Netscape Enterprise Server or Netscape FastTrack Server after installing HP Domain ServiceControl or if the server root directory is something other than /opt/ns-enterprise3 (for the Netscape Enterprise Server) or /opt/ns-ftrack (for the Netscape FastTrack Server).

To run the setup script, type:

/opt/hpac/setup

#### **Configuring HP AdmissionControl**

At the Root pathname of Netscape server prompt, enter the Netscape Server root directory.

The setup script will automatically configure and enable HP AC.

Default values set for all applicable configuration parameters are listed at the end of this chapter.

#### **Setting the Configurable Parameters**

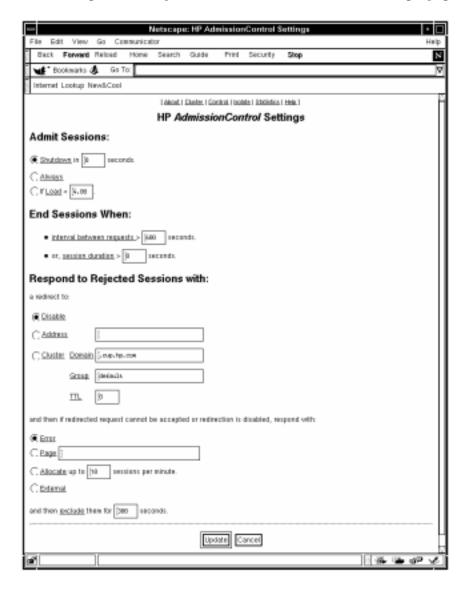
You can edit the configuration parameters in three different ways:

- You can access the "HP AdmissionControl Settings" administration web page at the URL http://system\_name/hpac. Your Netscape Server must be running to access this page. Use the system's root user and password to access this page.
- You can edit the configuration file /opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac
- You can use the HP DESMS interface to access the "HP AdmissionControl Settings" administration web page (HP AC is located under Server Control). Your Netscape Server and HP administration server must be running.

See "Starting HP DESMS" on page 43 for more information on how to start the HP administration server.

To access HP AC, you must enter the system's root user and password.





The following sections describe the parameters that can be set using the "HP AdmissionControl Settings" administration web page. All configurable parameters in the configuration file are listed at the end of this chapter.

#### **Configuring HP AdmissionControl**

#### **Admit Sessions**

For the default value, the load threshold is set to 2.

#### Table 2-1 HP AC Configurable Parameters: Admit Sessions

Parameter	Description	
Shutdown	After the specified number of seconds, do not admit any new sessions and reject all remaining sessions.	
Always	Disable HP AC and admit all sessions to the web server. If you are permanently disabling HP AC, you should remove HP AC from you system (see "Removing HP AdmissionControl" on page 26 for more information).	
Load	If the load is less than this specified amount, admit the session. The load threshold works best when a web application is processor-intensive.	

To calculate the load threshold, do the following:

1. Run the top command. Note the first listed "Load averages" and the percentage listed under "IDLE" of "Cpu states".

#### **Example 2-1** Sample Output from the top Command

2. If IDLE is greater than zero, then set the threshold to (100 - IDLE)/100.

If IDLE equals zero, then set the threshold to the first listed load average.

Using the above sample output, you would set the load threshold to 1 45

Run top when performance is poor and acceptable to determine an acceptable load level.

#### **End Sessions**

For the default, the interval between requests is set to 600 seconds (10 minutes) and the session duration is disabled.

Table 2-2 HP AC Configurable Parameters: End Sessions

Parameter	Description
Interval between requests	The amount of time, in seconds, between requests within the session. If the time between requests exceeds the specified threshold, the session is ended.
Session duration	The amount of time of the session. If the session exceeds the specified threshold, the session is ended. Set this parameter to zero to disable this threshold.

#### **Respond to Rejected Sessions**

Rejected sessions can either be redirected or served a web page containing a standard error message or other information.

If redirection is disabled or the redirect request is not accepted, a web page containing a standard error message or other information is returned.

The default is to disable redirection and serve an error page to a rejected session.

Table 2-3 HP AC Configurable Parameters: Redirect Rejected Sessions

Parameter	Description	
Disable	Do not redirect the rejected session. Instead, return a web page with an error message or other information.	
Address	Redirect the rejected session to a load balancing system (such as a cluster manager), to another web server, or to another system set up to specifically handle rejected sessions. Specify the full domain name or IP address.	
Cluster	Redirect the rejected session to a randomly selected member of a cluster.	

#### **Configuring HP AdmissionControl**

Table 2-3 HP AC Configurable Parameters: Redirect Rejected Sessions

Parameter	Description	
Domain	Redirect the rejected session to the domain to which the systems in the cluster belong. For example, if the cluster consists of the two systems wwl.sales.acme.com and ww2.sales.acme.com, specify the domain as .sales.acme.com. Note the leading dot.  The domain specifies the scope over which the client-side cookies can be shared (HP AC uses client-side cookies to encode session information).	
Group	The cluster group to which this system belongs.	
TTL	Time to Live. The number of redirections allowed before rejecting the session. Add one to the TTL parameter to get the number of redirects. For example, setting the TTL to 0 allows one redirection. Setting the TTL to 1 allows two redirections.  It is recommended that the TTL be set to a value no larger than 2.	

When redirection is disabled, the following types of web pages can be served:

Table 2-4 HP AC Configurable Parameters: Respond to Rejected Sessions

Parameter	Description	
Error	The "Server Temporarily Unavailable" error message is served to rejected requests. This is the easiest but least informative way to respond to a rejected request. Extra load on the system may be generated by users trying to immediately re-establish a connection.	
Page	The specified web page is served to rejected requests. You can provide information to the customer such as why the session was rejected and when would be a more opportune time to return to the site. A user is less likely to try immediately re-establishing a connection and more likely to return to the site.	

Table 2-4 HP AC Configurable Parameters: Respond to Rejected Sessions

Parameter	Description			
Allocate sessions	A "countdown" web page is served to rejected requests. The user is asked to wait a certain amount of time before getting access to the site. This type of session is given priority over new sessions.			
	Enter the number of sessions you wish to have admitted each minute. For example, if you allocate five sessions per minute, one session will be admitted every twelve seconds. If seven sessions are rejected, five will be admitted the next minute and two will be admitted the minute after. Make sure the allocation rate is less than the system's capacity.			
	You may want to compensate the allocation for no-shows.			
	Monitoring the "% Priority Requests" statistic will show the system's load due to priority sessions. Reduce the allocation rate if the number approaches or is over 50%.			
	Also monitor the "Last Allocation Delay" statistic. It shows how long a deferred user waited before his/her session was admitted.			
External	Use an external function or application. For example, the user could be offered a discount or other incentive to return to the site; or, the user could be offered to enroll in a service plan that guarantees access to the site. Currently, no supported functions or applications exist. If selected, the Error page is returned.			
Exclude	After the initial rejection, the user is prevented from returning to the site after the specified amount of time (in seconds). This discourages a user from trying to immediately re-establish a connection.			
	If a session is allocated, this is the minimum delay that can be scheduled.			

#### **Creating an Allocation Page for Rejected Sessions**

The following is the default allocation page served to the user:

#### **Configuring HP AdmissionControl**

#### Example 2-2 Server Busy

We are sorry our server is busy, and in order to ensure adequate levels of service to our current visitors, we cannot serve you at this time. We have allocated you a position in line and will serve you as soon as we can.

You will automatically enter the site in 1:23 (minutes:seconds).

To change the content of this page, you must edit the file /opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac

To change the "Server Busy" title, edit the <code>deferral.title</code> parameter. To change the content of the message, edit the <code>deferral.message</code> parameter. To edit the countdown line, edit the <code>deferral.enterMsg</code> parameter. Note that each parameter is ended by a single period on its own line.

The default allocation page would include the following entries in the config.ac file:

deferral.title Server Busy

deferral.message

We are sorry our server is busy, and in order to ensure adequate levels of service to our current visitors, we cannot serve you at this time. We have allocated you a position in line and will serve you as soon as we can.

.
deferral.enterMsg
You will automatically enter the site in

#### **Starting HP AdmissionControl**

HP AC is automatically enabled after you have installed HP ServiceControl (provided you have met certain conditions; see "Configuring HP AdmissionControl" on page 17 for more information) or run the setup script (see "Running the setup Script" on page 17 for more information).

If you have stopped HP AC, then you can start it again by configuring and specifying the load from the "HP AdmissionControl Settings" administration web page.

#### **Stopping HP AdmissionControl**

To stop or disable HP AC, set the Admit Session to "Always" from the "HP AdmissionControl Settings" administration web page.

If you are permanently stopping HP AC, you should remove HP AC from your system (see "Removing HP AdmissionControl" on page 26 for more information). Because HP AC does not cache HTML, performance may be slow for static pages.

## **Removing HP AdmissionControl**

To remove HP AC, do the following:

- 1. Type /opt/hpac/setup -r
- 2. At the Enter root pathname of Netscape server prompt, enter the Netscape Server root directory.

## **Configuration Parameters**

Table 2-5 HP AC Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Range/Type	Default	Description
admit.always	N/A	N/A	Configures HP AC to always accept sessions.
admit.load	N/A	N/A	Sets the "Admit Sessions" to use the load threshold.
admit.load.threshold	0.0 <= x	2.0	Sets the load threshold for admitting a session.
admit.priority.damping	0.0 <= x <= 1.0	0.001	The damping factor used to compute the priority percentage. Larger values make the controller more responsive to recent activity.
admit.priority.threshold	0.0 <= x <= 1.0	0.9	The value of the priority fraction when priority requests are rejected (0.9 = 90% priority percentage).
admit.shutdown	N/A	N/A	Sets the "Admit Sessions" to shutdown.
admit.shutdown.delay	0 <= x (integer)	600	Sets how much time before HP AC shuts down and rejects all (new and remaining) sessions.
cluster.disable	N/A	N/A	Disables clustering. The system will not try to open the hpac-cluster port.
cluster.domain	string		The domain used to limit the scope of the cluster over which the client-side cookies can be shared.

## HP AdmissionControl Configuration Parameters

 Table 2-5
 HP AC Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Range/Type	Default	Description
cluster.group	string	default	Sets the cluster group.
cluster.keepalive.interval	1 <= x (integer)	60	The number of seconds between status broadcasts.
cluster.keepalive.misses	1 <= x (integer)	3	The number of missed status broadcasts before a server is identified as down.
cluster.TTL	0 <= x (integer)	0	Sets the cluster TTL which is the number of redirections allowed before rejecting the session.
cookie.password	string	N/A	Sets the password used in creating the MD5 digest.
deferral.enterMsg	string	You will automatically enter the site in	Part of the allocation page message served when a session is rejected.
deferral.message	string	We are sorry our server is busy, and in order to ensure adequate levels of service to our current visitors, we cannot serve you at this time. We have allocated you a position in line and will serve you as soon as we can.	Part of the allocation page message served when a session is rejected.
deferral.title	string	Server Busy	Part of the allocation page message served when a session is rejected.

Table 2-5 HP AC Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Range/Type	Default	Description
endsession.duration	0 <= x (integer)	0	Sets, in seconds, the maximum session duration
endsession.requestInterval	0 <= x (integer)	300	Sets, in seconds, the maximum interval between requests
isolate.damping	0.0 <= x <= 1.0	0.001	The damping factor used to compute the share of resources being used by each virtual server. Larger values make the controller more responsive to recent activity.
isolate.pattern	string	N/A	The pattern used to identify virtual servers. If provide, HP AC will isolate traffic to each virtual server.
load.damping	0.0 <= x <= 1.0	0.1	The damping factor used to compute the web server load. Larger values make the controller more responsive to recent activity.
log.file	string	N/A	The full path name of the HP AC log file. The statistics from the "HP AdmissionControl Statistics" web page are logged to this file.
log.interval	1 <= x (integer)	600	How often, in seconds, the statistics are logged to the log.file.
mime.cache	N/A	See "Defaults Already Configured in config.ac" on page 31.	The web server should cache the specified mime types.

## HP AdmissionControl Configuration Parameters

Table 2-5 HP AC Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Range/Type	Default	Description
mime.nocache	N/A	N/A	The web server should cache all but the specified mime types.
mime.type	string	N/A	Specifies the mime type used by the caching policy.
reject.error	N/A	Server Temporarily Unavailable	Sets the response to a rejected session to the "Server Temporarily Unavailable" error message. This message is not configurable.
reject.excludeTime	0 <= x	300	Sets how long, in seconds, the user is prevented from returning to the site.
reject.external	N/A	Server Temporarily Unavailable	Sets the response to a rejected session to use an external function or application. Currently, it will only serve the "Server Temporarily Unavailable" error message.
reject.future	N/A	N/A	Sets the response to a rejected session to a "countdown" web page.
reject.future.rate	1 <= x (integer)	10	Set the number of sessions that can be admitted each minute.
reject.page	N/A	N/A	Sets the response to a rejected session to a customizable web page.
reject.page.path	string	N/A	The full path and file name of the customizable web page.
shlib.initialize	string	N/A	The name of the function that initializes the library.

## Table 2-5 HP AC Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Range/Type	Default	Description
shlib.library	string	N/A	The file name of the shared library.
shlib.loadMetric	string	N/A	The name of the function used as the load metric.
shlib.release	string	N/A	The name of the function that releases resources allocated by the library.
shlib.reject	string	N/A	The name of the function used when the reject policy is set to External.
shlib.sessionState	string	N/A	The name of the function that modifies the session state. This function may change the priority of sessions or end sessions.

#### **Defaults Already Configured in config.ac**

The following are defaults that have been configured in the

/opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac file:

```
# Warning, manual changes to this file will be
# overwritten by changes made
# via the Admission Control Policy screen.
mime.cache # a list of likely cache candidates follows
mime.type audio/basic
mime.type audio/midi
mime.type audio/x-wav
mime.type audio/x-liveaudio
mime.type audio/x-pn-realaudio
mime.type image/fif
mime.type image/jef
mime.type image/ief
mime.type image/jef
mime.type image/jpeg
```

#### **HP AdmissionControl**

#### **Configuration Parameters**

```
mime.type image/tiff
mime.type image/wavelet
mime.type image/vnd
mime.type image/x-photo-cd
mime.type video/mpeg
mime.type video/quicktime
mime.type video/x-mpeg2
mime.type video/x-msvideo
```

## **Logging HP AdmissionControl Information**

#### **Saving Information to the Server Access Log**

HP AC admission decisions can be saved to the server access log. To include them, do the following:

- 1. Start the Netscape Administration Server.
- 2. Select the server to configure.
- 3. Click on Server Status.
- 4. Select Log Preferences.
- 5. Enter the name of the new access logfile to create (Netscape will not let you change the format of a logfile that is in use).
- 6. Select Custom format near the bottom of the page.
- 7. Append %Req->vars.hpacSessionState% at the end of the Custom format field. Be sure to include a space at the beginning of this entry to separate it from the other entries.
- 8. Click OK to make the change.
- 9. Click on Save and Apply to save your changes.

One of the following values will be logged to the access logfile:

#### **Table 2-6** Admission Decision Log Values

Value	Description
-	A management request was served from the cache.
2	The request was rejected.
3	The request was processed as part of a basic priority session.
4	The request was processed as part of a high priority session.
5	The request was deferred to a future time slot.
6	The request was redirected to another server.

#### Logging HP AdmissionControl Information

#### **Logging Statistics to a File**

The statistics displayed on the "HP AdmissionControl Statistics" web page can be logged to a file. To log the statistics to a file add the following lines to /opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac:

```
log.file filename
log.interval seconds
```

Where filename is the name of the file to which to save the statistics and seconds is how often the statistics are saved (in seconds). The log.interval default is 60 seconds.

Restart the web server for the changes to take effect.

The following is an example of a log entry:

10/Mar/1998:20:39:00,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,181,0,0,0.5,0.00,92 where each field is delimited by a comma. The fields are:

#### Table 2-7 HP AC Log File Statistics

Statistic Name	Example Value
Time (GMT)	10/Mar/1998:20:39:00
Basic Sessions	15
Priority Sessions	0
Redirected Sessions	0
Sessions Rejected	0
Sessions Rejected Again	0
Sessions Timed Out	0
Sessions Too Long	0
Bad MD5 Requests	0
Basic Requests	181
Priority Requests	0
Management Requests	0
Load	0.5

#### Table 2-7 HP AC Log File Statistics

Statistic Name	Example Value	
Percentage Priority Requests	0.00	
Last Allocation Delay	92	

## **Other Configuration Considerations**

This section covers tasks beyond basic configuration.

#### **Tuning Your Web Server's Cache**

To control session admissions, HP AC tracks the session state by including cookies in HTTP responses. For HP AC to operate effectively, the server cannot generate all of its responses from the cache. This may cause the performance of the web server to be slow.

However, you can tune the cache by configuring the /opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac file to allow specified mime types to be cached or not cached.

For example, if you serve HTTP pages with embedded images, you can cache the images by adding the following lines to the configuration file:

```
mime.cache
mime.type image/gif
mime.type image/jpeq
```

Or, if your pages are generated by an application such as an NSAPI plug-in or CGI script, you can allow all mime types to be cached except for the mime types associated with the application. For example, to cache all mime types except those generated by CGI scripts, add the following lines to the configuration file:

```
mime.nocache
mime.type magnus-internal/cqi
```

You must restart the web server if you make changes to the configuration file.

If a page is not cachable, such as a dynamically created page or other pages marked by NSAPI as uncachable, you cannot cache it even if you specify it in the configuration file as cachable.

#### **Allowing Equal Access to a System's Resources**

If a web server hosts multiple virtual web sites, HP AC can be configured to balance traffic between each site, allowing each site to share the system's resources equally.

The description or pattern of the web servers' document roots for each virtual server must be configured in the

/opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac configuration file. HP AC uses the isolate.pattern parameter to monitor each site's traffic. You must restart the web server after editing the configuration file.

For example, a system is hosting two web sites for Company A and Company B. Company A's home page is located at

/web\_pages/company\_a/index.html and Company B's home page is located at /web\_pages/company\_b/index.html. To monitor each site's traffic, add the following to the configuration file:

```
isolate.pattern /web pages/%[^/]
```

Refer to documentation on the sscanf command for more information on constructing the pattern.

After editing the configuration file, restart the web server.

## **Detecting Failed Servers in a Cluster**

When a web server is running, it periodically broadcasts a message that it is up. When a web server is shut down, it broadcasts a message that is unavailable. When a web server is not running, it does not broadcast a message.

Each web server in a cluster listens for these broadcast messages. Based on the messages received or not received, it will mark each system as up or down.

The web server marks a system as up when it receives the appropriate broadcast message from that system. The web server marks a system as down when it receives the appropriate message or it fails to receive a message after a specified number of broadcast intervals.

#### In the HP AC

/opt/ns-server\_name/server\_id/config/hpac/config.ac configuration file, you can configure how often messages are sent (broadcast interval) and how many messages can be missed before the system is marked as down. THe parameters are:

```
cluster.keepalive.interval 60
cluster.keepalive.misses 3
```

where the interval is measured in seconds. The values given are the default values.

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#### HP AdmissionControl

#### Other Configuration Considerations

If you configure these parameters, the web server must be restarted. Also, all systems in the cluster should use the same values for these parameters.

Decreasing the broadcast interval decreases the time it takes to detect a failure. However, it also increases broadcast traffic.

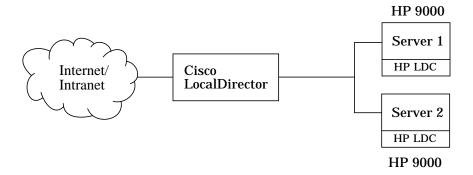
Sometimes, not all broadcast messages are received. Therefore, the number of misses should be set to a value greater than one. However, in a large cluster, removing a machine falsely does not severely impact the cluster's capacity and improves the responsiveness to failures.

The maximum time to detect a failure can be determined by multiplying the broadcast interval by the number of misses. For the default values, the maximum failure detection time is three minutes.

**HP LocalDirector Controller** 

## What is HP LocalDirector Controller?

HP LocalDirector Controller (HP LDC) works with Cisco LocalDirector by automatically generating the information needed by Cisco LocalDirector to load balance TCP/IP traffic across multiple servers . HP LDC, specifically the HP LocalDirector Control daemon (ldc\_agt), must be configured and running on each system that is managed by Cisco LocalDirector. Information regarding Cisco LocalDirector can be found at the URL http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/751/lodir/.



The information generated by HP LDC is referred to as "weights" in this document. The weights help Cisco LocalDirector determine which system has the resources to process an incoming request.

Initial weights are generated by the Webstone benchmark tool. Webstone generates traffic to a system and calculates the throughput based on getting different-sized static pages in three minutes. The throughput is used to calculate the initial weights.

HP LDC adjusts the weights depending on CPU usage and system load. Both the CPU usage and system load (measured by a one minute average job queue) must reach their configured thresholds before the weights are lowered. The weights will range between one and the initial weights.

# **Installing HP LocalDirector Controller**

HP LocalDirector Controller (HP LDC) is part of the HP Domain ServiceControl (HP DSC) product. You do not need to load the entire HP DSC product if you only want to use HP LDC.

## **Installation Requirements**

#### **Hardware Requirements**

- HP 9000 computer system
- · 32 MB of memory
- CD-ROM drive to load the software

#### **Software Requirements**

- HP-UX 10.20 or 11.0
- HP DESMS
- An HTTP server such as Netscape Enterprise or FastTrack Server version 3.0 or later
- A web browser that supports JDK 1.1, such as Netscape Navigator 4.05 or Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0

#### Other Requirements

• A system already running Cisco LocalDirector version 2.1 or later

## **Installing the Software**

To install HP LDC, run swinstall (as root), double-click on the bundle J1592AA to view the software, and select the HP LDC software.

# **Configuring Cisco LocalDirector**

Because HP LocalDirector Controller sends information to Cisco LocalDirector using SNMP traps, the <code>snmp-server</code> host parameter must be configured in the Cisco LocalDirector.

On a system managed by Cisco LocalDirector, run netstat -rn and check the routing table information. Use the IP address associated with the Cisco LocalDirector gateway to configure the <code>snmp-server host</code> parameter

Refer to Cisco LocalDirector's manuals for information on setting this parameter and other configuration information.

# **Configuring HP LocalDirector Controller**

There are two components you need to configure before using HP LDC: the HP LDControl server and the HP LDControl daemon.

You must configure HP LDC using the HP Domain Enterprise Management System (HP DESMS). Instructions on how to start HP DESMS are included in this manual. For more information on HP DESMS, please refer to the *Getting Started with HP Domain Software* manual.

## **Starting HP DESMS**

If this is the first time you are running HP DESMS, you must run the /opt/hpwebsuite/hpsetup startup script first.

To start HP DESMS, do the following:

- Start the HP administration server. Type the following: /opt/hpwebsuite/start-admin
- 2. Start a browser that supports frames, is Java-enabled, and supports JDK 1.1.
- 3. Go to the URL

#### http://hostname:8181

where hostname is the name of the system on which you are running the HP administration server.

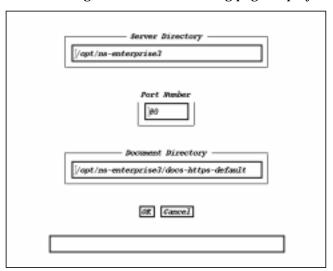
Reload this page if you have visited this page prior to this installation.

Enter the administration user ID (hpadmin) and password (which
you configured using the /opt/hpwebsuite/hpsetup startup script).

If you are starting HP DESMS for the first time, the page to configure the HP LDControl daemon is displayed.

## **Configuring the HP LDControl Server**

After starting HP DESMS, click on "Service Control" from the side menu and then "Server Configuration." The following page displays:



Set the following parameters to configure the HP LDControl server:

## Table 3-1 HP LDControl Server Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Description
Server Directory	The home directory of the web server. For example, /opt/ns-enterprise3.
Port Number	The port number used by the web server. This must be a non-SSL port number. For example, 80.
Document Directory	The document root directory of the web server. For example, /opt/ns-enterprise3/docs-https-default.

The HP LDControl daemon must be started/restarted for these values to take effect. See "Starting and Stopping the HP LDControl Daemon" on page 47 for more information on starting HP LDC.

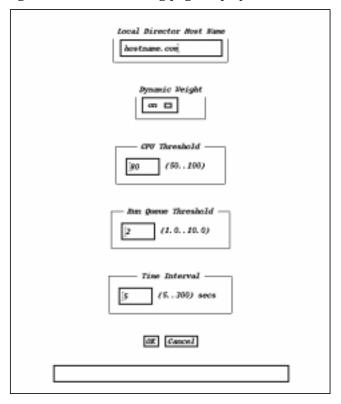
NOTE

The web server configured in the

/etc/hpldc/webstone/conf/server-list file must be running before the HP LDControl daemon is started.

## **Configuring the HP LDControl Daemon**

After starting HP DESMS, select "Service Control" from the side menu and then "Configuration." The following page displays:



## **Configuring HP LocalDirector Controller**

Set the following parameters to configure the HP LDControl daemon:

Table 3-2 HP LDControl Daemon Configurable Parameters

Parameter	Description
LocalDirector Hostname	The hostname of the system on which Cisco LocalDirector is running.
Dynamic Weight	Starts/Stops the HP LDControl daemon. When activated, the daemon will monitor the system and adjust the weights, if necessary. When deactivated, the HP LDControl daemon sends the initial weights to Cisco LocalDirector and exits.
CPU Threshold	The highest percentage the CPU usage should reach before the weight of the server is automatically decreased. Note that the run queue threshold (average load) must also be reached before the weights are adjusted.
	Default: 80 Range: 50 - 100% (integer only)
Run Queue Threshold	The highest amount the average load should reach before the weight of the server is automatically decreased. Note that the CPU usage threshold must also be reached before the weights are adjusted.  Default: 2
	Range: 1.0 - 10.0 (real number)
Time Interval	How often, in seconds, the thresholds are checked and adjustments are made, if needed, to the weights.
	Default: 5 seconds Range: 5 - 300 seconds (integer only)

Click on "OK" to save your changes. The values are saved in the file /etc/opt/hpldc/conf/ldc.conf.

#### **NOTE**

#### The web server configured in the

/etc/hpldc/webstone/conf/server-list file must be running before the HP LDControl daemon is started.

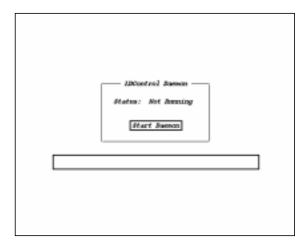
## **Starting and Stopping the HP LDControl Daemon**

The HP LDControl daemon can be started and stopped from HP DESMS. Select "Service Control" from the side menu and then "Start/Stop Daemon." A page similar to the following displays (what is displayed depends on the status of the HP LDControl daemon: running or not running):

#### **NOTE**

#### The web server configured in the

/etc/hpldc/webstone/conf/server-list file must be running before the HP LDControl daemon is started.



To start or stop the HP LDControl daemon from the command line, type: /opt/hpldc/bin/ldc\_agt

## **Configuring a System with More than One LAN Card**

If the system on which you are running the web server has more than one LAN card, you must set the <code>snmp-server host</code> and <code>real</code> parameters in Cisco LocalDirector. Do the following:

- 1. On the system with multiple LAN cards, run netstat -rn and check the routing table information. Use the IP address associated with the Cisco LocalDirector gateway to configure the snmp-server host parameter of Cisco LocalDirector.
- 2. On the system with multiple LAN cards, run nslookup local\_hostname and use this IP address to configure the real parameter of Cisco LocalDirector.

Refer to Cisco LocalDirector's manuals for information on setting these parameters.

# **Troubleshooting the HP LD Controller**

## **General Troubleshooting**

If an error occurs, check the following two log files for error messages, causes, and recommended actions:

- /var/opt/hpldc/ldc.log
- /var/opt/hpldc/webstone.log

# Problems Accessing the HP LD Controller from HP DESMS

#### Table 3-3 Browser Error Message and Action

Error Message	Action
Applet ConfApplet can't start.	The browser that you are using to administer the system must support JDK 1.1 in order to run HPLDC. Two browsers that support JDK 1.1 are Netscape Navigator 4.05 and Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0.

#### **HP LDControl Daemon**

If the HP LDControl daemon dies, check for the following error messages in the /var/opt/hpldc/ldc.log file. Complete the listed actions for the specified messages.

## Table 3-4 HP LDControl Daemon Error Log Messages and Actions

Error Message	Action
Cannot open file filename.	Check that the file filename exists and that the HP LDControl daemon has write permission to its directory.

## **Troubleshooting the HP LD Controller**

Table 3-4 HP LDControl Daemon Error Log Messages and Actions

Error Message	Action
Server might be down. Initial weight set to 0. Exiting.	Make sure the web server is running on the system.  Restart/Start the web server and then restart the HP LDControl daemon.
	2. Check the parameters in the file
	/etc/hpldc/webstone/conf/server-list.
	3. In /etc/passwd, check for the following entry:
	webstone:trKI3jiXvewTw:33:1::/tmp:/sbin/sh
	If this entry does not exist, add it to the file.
	4. If the web server is running, make sure it is using a non-SSL port. The HP LDControl daemon must use a non-SSL port to generate the initial weight.
Cannot send weight to LocalDirector.	1. The <i>snmp-server host</i> parameter must be set on the system running Cisco LocalDirector. Refer to Cisco LocalDirector's manual for more information on setting this parameter.
	2. Check that <i>LDHostname</i> is set to the system running Cisco LocalDirector in the /etc/opt/hpldc/conf/ldc.conf file.