

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
DIGITAL COMPUTER

ILLINOIS CODE M 10 - 153

TITLE Estimation of Communalities by the Method of Maximum Likelihood.

TYPE Entire program.

METHOD OF USE The program is read into the memory in the usual way. After a short time, Illiac will stop. Read in parameters and the elements of the correlation matrix. The computer will stop and is now prepared to read in the estimated elements of the matrix G. Replace the original tape in the reader and restart the computer. The black switch must be in the ignore position. If convergence has not occurred in the allotted time, raise the black switch to the obey position. After a short time the computer will come to a stop. At that time raise the white switch up and down. This will read in the print routine and the results will be printed out shortly.

PUNCHING OF TAPES At the beginning of each data tape four parameters are necessary. They are as follows:

- (1) Let s = size of sample. Then place sS on the tape.
- (2) Let f = the number of estimated factors. Place fF on the tape.
- (3) Let n = the number of variables. Place nN on the tape.
- (4) Let j = the number of places to be printed. Place jJ on the tape.

Since the chi-square value varies with the number of factors, it is necessary to provide several values. These can be found in Table I for the 5% level.

Each value (which must be scaled by 10^{-4}) is punched as a sign followed by up to 12 decimal digits. The final value in the sequence is terminated by an N. The values of the correlation matrix scaled by 10^{-2} are next punched on the tape. The lower off-diagonal elements and diagonal elements are punched, row by row, as a sign followed by up to 12 decimal digits. The final fraction in the sequence is terminated by an N. It is necessary to make some estimation of the matrix G. The values scaled by 10^{-1} should be punched as a sign followed by up to 12 decimal digits. The last value is followed by an N.

**MATHEMATICAL
METHOD**

The essential steps in the iterative process of estimation and tests of significance may be summarized as follows;

- (1) Start with a trial diagonal matrix G and obtain the solution to the determinantal equation $|G - \lambda I| = 0$. This gives the first approximation to the diagonal elements of G.

$$g_i = \frac{1 + l_{11}^2 (\lambda_1/\lambda_e - 1) + l_{12}^2 (\lambda_2/\lambda_e - 1) + \dots + l_{if}^2 (\lambda_f/\lambda_e - 1)}{l_{if}^2 (\lambda_f/\lambda_e - 1)}$$

where l_1, \dots, l_f are the f (number of factors assumed) latent normalized vectors corresponding to the f largest roots $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_f$ and

$$\lambda_e = (\lambda_{f+1} + \lambda_{f+2} + \dots + \lambda_n) / (n-f)$$

- (2) This process is repeated till g_i converges to about four decimal places. When g_i converges the sum

$$\sum g_i^2 - (\lambda_1 + \dots + \lambda_f) = \lambda_{f+1} + \dots + \lambda_n \rightarrow (n-f)$$

(3) The estimated factor loading's at any stage are

$$\sqrt{\lambda_1 - 1} \underline{l}_1 G^{-1}, \sqrt{\lambda_2 - 1} \underline{l}_2 G^{-1}, \dots, \sqrt{\lambda_f - 1} \underline{l}_f G^{-1}$$

The estimated communalities are, at any stage,

$$h_i^2 = (g_i^2 - 1) / g_i^2$$

(4) The test for a specified number k of factors is'

$$\chi^2 = - (S-1 - (2h + 5)/6 - (2f)/3) \{ \ln \lambda_{f+1} + \dots + \ln \lambda_n - (n-f) \ln \lambda_e \}$$

which is a chi-squared test on $[(n-f) - n-f]/2$ degrees of freedom. This test is made when λ_f converges to about five places. If λ_f is greater than the chi-square value that the number of factors is increased by one.

ESTIMATION OF G

Because the convergence of the iterative process is somewhat slow, it is desirable to choose values of G which will minimize the number of iterations. It has been shown* that the squared multiple correlations are the minimum estimates of communalities. Consequently, the square root of diagonal elements of the inverse of the correlation matrix form a minimum estimates for the matrix G.

THE PRINT-OUT

After the first iteration, the latent roots are printed out. The λ_f values are printed out after each iteration. This is followed by the elements of the matrix G, the communalities, the largest latent roots, and the factor loadings. If too many factors are being extracted or if there are too few values of chi-square, then ten F's will be punched out and the computer will stop.

*L. Guttman, Multiple Rectilinear Prediction and the Resolution into Components, Psychometrika, Vol. 5 (1940) pp. 75-90

TABLE I
DEGREES OF FREEDOM

f/n	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	5	9	14	20	27	35	44	54	65	77	90	104	119
2	1	4	8	13	19	26	34	43	53	64	76	89	103
3			3	7	12	18	25	33	42	52	63	75	88
4				2	6	11	17	24	32	41	51	62	74
5					1	5	10	16	23	31	40	50	61
6							4	9	15	22	30	39	49
7								3	8	14	21	29	38
8									2	7	13	20	28
9										1	6	12	19
10												5	11
11													4

CHI-SQUARE* AT 5% LEVEL

1	11.1	16.9	23.7	31.4	40.1	49.8	60.2	71.9	84.5	98.2	112.9	128.5	145.2
2	3.84	9.49	15.5	22.4	30.1	38.9	48.6	59.0	70.7	83.4	97.1	111.7	127.4
3			7.81	14.1	21.0	28.9	37.7	47.4	57.8	69.5	82.2	95.9	110.6
4				5.99	12.6	19.7	27.6	36.4	46.2	56.6	68.4	81.1	94.8
5					3.84	11.1	18.3	26.3	35.2	45.0	55.5	67.2	79.9
6							9.49	16.9	25.0	33.9	43.8	54.3	66.1
7								7.81	15.5	23.7	32.7	42.6	53.1
8									5.99	14.1	22.4	31.4	41.3
9										3.84	12.6	21.0	30.1
10												11.1	19.7
11													9.49

*When degrees of freedom are greater than 30 an approximation of chi-square is made.

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 1
	CODE X1		Decimal Order Input
	00 80K		
	CODE N2		Input a Sequence of Decimal Fractions
	00 20K		
0	41 5F		
	41 F	From 8	
1	81 4F	From 5	
	L0 37L		
2	32 5L		
	L4 37L		Read in parameters and convert
3	50 F		
	74 37L		
4	S5 F		
	40 F		
5	26 1L		
	42 6L	From 2	
6	L5 F		
	40 ()F	By 5	
7	F5 5F		
	40 5F		
8	L0 39L		
	32 L		
9	L5 2F		
	00 1F		
10	40 F		
	L5 4F		
11	00 2F		
	L4 F		
12	F4 37L		
	10 39F		
13	66 38L		
	S1 F		
14	L4 1F		
	40 9F		
15	L5 2F		

Compute $\left\{ S - 1 - \frac{2n+5}{6} - \frac{2f}{3} \right\}$

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 2
	50 2F		
16	74 2F		
	S5 F		
17	10 1F		
	40 11F	Compute $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$	
18	L4 36L		
	40 7F	$331 + \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$	
19	50 2F		
	74 2F		
20	S5 F		
	40 6F	$n^2 + n$	
21	00 20F		
	46 30L		
22	L5 6F		
	L4 11F		
23	40 8F	$3/2 (n^2 + n)$	
	00 20F		
24	46 32L		
	L5 2F		
25	L0 4F		
	40 10F	$n-f$	
26	L5 2F		
	40 4F		
27	L4 2F		
	40 5F	$2n$	
28	50 988F		
	50 28L	Read in chi-square values	
29	26 80F		
	22 30L		
30	50 ()F	By 21	
	50 30L	Read in correlation matrix R	
31	26 80F		
	24 32L	Stop, prepare to read in Matrix G	
32	50 ()F	By 24	
	50 32L		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES
33	26 80F 50 40L	n-f/100
34	75 10F S5 F	
35	40 12F 24 999F	
36	00 F 00 331F	
37	00 F 00 10F	
38	00 F 00 6F	
39	80 F 00 4F	
40	00 F 00 0100 0000 0000 J 24 20N 00 959K Code P1	Print one Number Fractional or Integer in a Manner determined by a Program parameter
	00 20K Code M0	Eigenvalue - Eigenvector Program
	00 152K Code R1	Square Root Routine
	00 286K Code S1	Natural Logarithm
0	00 945K 92 131F L5 13F	Print out chi-square criterion
1	52 74F 50 1L	
2	26 959F L5 191F	
3	22 217F	

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 4
	00 F		
	00 950K		
0	41 4F	From 169F	
	L3 127F		
1	36 170F		Is this first iteration?
	41 127F		If so, print out all latent roots.
2	41 5F		
	92 147F		
3	92 131F	From 8	
	L5 (331)F	By 6	
4	52 72F		
	50 4L		
5	26 9L		
	F5 3L		
6	42 3L		
	F5 5F		
7	40 5F		
	L0 278F		
8	36 3L		
	26 170F		
	00 161K		
0	L5 147F	From 115	
	42 3L		
1	46 3L		
	42 107L		
2	41 F		
	50 F		
3	L5 ()F	By 1,6	Store latent roots in consecutive locations.
	40 ()F	From 8	
4	F5 F	By 0, 6	
	40 F		
5	K4 F		
	00 20F		
6	F4 3L		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	
7	40 3L L5 F L0 117L		
8	36 3L 26 950F		
9	41 5F	From 958F	
10	41 6F 49 8F 41 7F	From 30	
11	L5 147F 42 12L		
12	46 13L L7 ()F	By 11, 16	From 18
13	L2 ()F 32 15L	By 12, 15	Find smallest latent roots.
14	L5 12L 00 20F		
15	46 13L F5 12L	From 13	
16	42 12L F5 7F		
17	40 7F L0 117L		
18	32 12L L5 13L		
19	46 21L 46 25L		
20	46 15F 41 9F		
21	L5 ()F 40 2F	From 19	
22	40 16F L4 5F		
23	40 5F 50 23L		Sum smallest latent roots

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES
24	22 286F L5 142F		Find logarithm of smallest latent roots.
25	40 ()F 41 10F	From 19	Store $1 - 2^{-39}$ in locations of smallest latent roots.
26	50 F 7J 118L		
27	L4 120L L4 6F		
28	40 6F F5 4F		Sum logarithms of smallest latent roots.
29	40 4F L0 119L		
30	32 10L 50 S8		Constant
31	L5 5F 50 31L		
32	26 286F 40 7F		
33	L5 116L 50 33L		
34	26 286F L0 7F		
35	40 F 50 F		
36	7J 118L 40 F		- Compute chi-square criterion
37	50 119L J0 142F		
38	75 F 00 39F		
39	L4 6F 40 F		
40	50 F 71 123L		
41	L1 13F		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 7
	S4 F		
42	40 F		
	S5 F		
43	40 13F		
	19 15F		
44	L2 F		
	32 45L		
45	26 56L		
	L3 (988)F	From 44	
46	36 124L		
	40 F		
47	L7 F		
	L0 13F		
48	36 56L		
	L5 119L		
49	L0 145F		
	42 119L		
50	L5 116L		
	L0 121L		
51	40 116L		
	F5 45L		
52	42 45L		
	L5 15F		
53	46 54L		
	L5 16F		
54	40 ()F	By 53	
	L5 5F		
55	L0 16F		
	40 5F		
56	26 945F	From 45, 48	
	42 77L	From 948F	
57	42 81L		
	L5 68L		
58	22 59L		
	L5 3F	From 85	

Has chi-square value converged?

If not, transfer control to 56

By 52

Are too many factors being extracted?

If so, transfer to 124.

Does criterion exceed chi-square

value? If so, increase number of

factors by one. Otherwise, transfer

control to 56.

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES		PAGE 8
59	L4 117L 42 3F			
60	41 4F L5 147F			
61	42 62L L5 121L			
62	40 1F F7 ()F	By 61,	From 76	
63	36 64L 22 73L			
64	L5 62L 42 66L	From 63		
65	L4 3F 42 69L			
66	42 71L 50 F			
67	75 116L 66 5F			
68	L1 121L S4 SS		Estimate g_i^2	
69	40 2F 50 ()F	By 65		
70	7J 2F 40 2F			
71	41 F 50 ()F	By 66		
72	7J 2F L4 1F			
73	40 1F F5 62L	From 63		
74	42 62L F5 4F			
75	40 4F L0 117L			
76	32 62L			

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 9
	50 76L		
77	22 152F		
	L0 ()F	By 56, 82	
78	40 1F		Test to see if g_1 has converged.
	19 13F		
79	L2 1F		
	36 81L		
80	41 8F		
	36 81L		
81	L5 2F	From 79	
	40 ()F	By 57, 83	
82	F5 77L		
	42 77L		
83	42 81L		
	F5 9F		
84	40 9F		
	L0 117L		
85	32 58L		
	L3 8F		
86	34 87L		
	26 999F		Have all the g_i 's converged?
87	L5 151F		If so, bring in print routine.
	42 89L	From 97	
88	F5 89L		
	42 92L		
89	F5 142F		
	40 ()F	From 87	
90	F4 8F		
	42 8F		
91	L0 117L		
	32 97L		
92	41 1F		
	41 ()F	From 88, 95	By 93
93	F5 92L		
	42 92L		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES
94	F5 1F 40 1F		Generate identity matrix
95	L0 117L 32 92L		
96	L5 89L F4 117L		
97	22 87L L5 122L	From 91	
98	42 104L 46 104L		
99	F5 142F 40 2F		
100	41 3F F5 2F	From 114	
101	40 2F 19 18F		
102	L4 104L 46 104L		
103	L5 30L 42 105L		
104	50 ()F 7J ()F	By 98, 102 By 98, 108	From 112
105	40 F 50 ()F	By 103, 109	
106	75 F 66 121L		Compute GRG
107	S5 F 40 (331)F	By 1, 110	
108	F5 104L 42 104L		
109	F5 105L 42 105L		
110	F5 107L 42 107L		
111	F5 3F		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES
	40 3F	
112	L0 2F	
	36 104L	
113	L4 2F	
	L0 117L	
114	36 100L	
	50 114L	
115	26 20F	Compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of GRG
	26 L	
116	00 F	
	00 SN	By 51
117	80 F	
	00 S4	
118	00F 00 0032	
	0000 0000 J	
119	80 F	By 49
	00 (SK)	
120	00F 00 0004	
	6051 7019 J	
121	00F 00 0100	
	0000 0000 J	
122	00 1023S8	
	00 S6	
123	00 F	
	00 S9	
124	92 934F	Pinch out 10 F's and stop, if too many factors are being extracted.
	0F F	
	00 15K	
	41 8F	
	26 248F	
	26 15N	
	00 10K	
0	09 10F	
	L5 128F	

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	
1	00 1F 40 1F		
2	00 2F L4 1F		
3	40 3F L4 128F		Printing interlude;
4	40 4F 50 191F		*Compute parameters necessary for Code P1
5	J0 7L S5 F		
6	40 8F 26 999F		
7	00 F 00 1023F 26 10N		
	00 20K		
0	41 7F 92 983F		
1	92 143F 41 8F		
2	L5 (S8) 40 9F	By 13,	From 16
3	52 1S3 50 3L		Print out G
4	26 959F 50 9F		
5	75 9F 40 F		
6	L0 282F 66 F		
7	S5 F 40 (80)F	By 14	Compute communalities and store.
8	92 131F L5 57L		
9	50 8F		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	
	66 9F		
10	41 10F		
	S5 F		
11	40 (S8)	By 12	Compute G^{-1}
	19 18F		
12	14 11L		
	46 11L		
13	46 2L		
	F5 7L		
14	42 7L		
	F5 7F		
15	40 7F		
	L0 278F		
16	36 2L		
	92 770F		
17	92 143F	From 22	
	L5 (80)F	By 20	
18	52 S4		
	50 18L		Print out communalities
19	26 959F		
	92 131F		
20	F5 17L		
	42 17L		
21	F5 8F		
	40 8F		
22	L0 278F		
	32 17L		
23	92 143F		
	F7 (331)F	By 33,	From 35
24	36 25L		
	26 33L		
25	L5 23L	From 24	
	42 26L		
26	42 32L		
	L5 ()F	By 25	

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 14
27	40 4F 36 28L		
28	52 283 50 28L		Print out largest latent roots
29	26 959F 41 F		
30	92 131F L5 4F		
31	L0 282F 50 31L		
32	26 152F 40 ()F	By 26	Compute $\sqrt{\lambda_1 - 1}$ and store
33	F5 23L 42 23L	From 24	
34	F5 10F 40 10F		
35	L0 278F 32 23L		
36	41 8F 92 143F		
37	50 S8 L5 37L	From 56	Constant
38	46 43L F7 (331)F	By 54	
39	36 40L 22 53L		
40	L5 38L 42 42L	From 39	
41	L4 229F 42 44L		
42	41 9F 50 ()F	From 40, 52	
43	73 ()F 40 F	By 38, 48	
44	50 F		

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES
	75 ()F	From 41,50	Compute factor loadings:
45	66 57L		$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n g_i^{-1}}$
	S1 F		
46	52 S4		
	50 46L		Print out factor loadings
47	26 959F		
	19 18F		
48	L4 43L		
	40 43L		
49	L5 278F		
	L4 44L		
50	42 44L		
	92 131F		
51	F5 9F		
	40 9F		
52	L0 278F		
	32 42L		
53	92 135F		
	F5 38L	From 39	
54	42 38L		
	F5 8F		
55	40 8F		
	L0 278F		
56	32 37L		
	OF F		
57	00F 00 1000		
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